

Works replied that he would not resign and added that the people who demanded his resignation were not even republican. It is understood that Senator Works leans very strongly toward Governor Wilson.

An Associated Press dispatch says: A bill amending the Sherman anti-trust bill in many particulars will be included in the report of the majority members of the house special committee on inquiry into the United States Steel corporation. One amendment will be directed against the interpretation of the supreme court in the American Tobacco company case that a corporation must be in unreasonable restraint of trade in order to be held in violation of the law.

The proposed bill would provide that in any suit alleging that a corporation or trust exists in restraint of trade "the burden of proof to establish the reasonableness of such restraint shall be upon the party who contends that said restraint is reasonable."

Another provision would grant to persons or concerns claiming to have been injured by a corporation adjudged guilty of violating the law the right to damage without bringing an independent suit.

The bill proposed by the majority is said to have the sanction of the minority members.

Postmaster General Hitchcock who was chairman of the republican national committee told the congressional investigating committee some things about the 1908 campaign fund.

Mr. Hitchcock said the total collected through various agencies of the committee in 1908 was \$1,655,518.27. Of this amount \$620,150 was collected in various states and handled by the local states committees. The latter sum never was turned into the treasury of the republican national committee, although that committee kept account of it.

Mr. Hitchcock promised to furnish the investigating committee with copies of the financial records of the campaign.

No contribution was received from a corporation, Mr. Hitchcock said, as congress had just passed a law prohibiting it. He told of the only near contribution he could remember having rejected.

It was offered by General T. Coleman Dupont of Delaware, then a member of the republican executive committee, actively assisting in the management of the campaign, and amounted to \$20,000.

"He turned it over to the treasurer, George R. Sheldon," began Mr. Hitchcock. "When I learned of it I told Mr. Dupont I did not think we would accept it because the government had a civil suit against a corporation in which he was interested. I instructed the treasurer to return it and he did so."

Charles P. Taft, brother of Presi-

dent Taft, contributed \$50,000; William Nelson Cromwell, \$25,000; Mr. and Mrs. Lars Anderson, \$25,000; Andrew Carnegie, \$20,000; William Smith Cochran, \$15,000; Frank Munsey, \$10,000; Whitelaw Reid, \$10,000; M. C. Borden, \$10,000, and General Corbin, for a number of persons, \$10,000.

Herbert Knox Smith has resigned as United States commissioner of corporations. He announces that he will support Roosevelt.

The senate passed without discussion the "terror battleship" resolution introduced by Senator Tillman, proposing that the United States build the greatest warship possible under modern naval conditions.

August Belmont testified before the senate committee investigating campaign contributions to having given \$250,000 to the democratic fund in 1904, the year of Alton B. Parker's candidacy.

William Marshall Bullitt, of Louisville, was sworn in as solicitor general of the United States.

The senate reached an agreement to vote upon the wool tariff and other democratic bills beginning July 25.

The senate rebuked President Taft for his comments on the Lorimer case. The Associated Press tells the story in this way:

The resolution was originally framed by Senator Bailey, who had arraigned President Taft asserting that he had been "officious and meddling" in endeavoring to lineup regular senators in the Lorimer case.

The resolution, as adopted, read: "Resolved, That any attempt on the part of a president of the United States to exercise the powers and influence of his great office for the purpose of controlling the vote of a senator on a question involving a right to a seat in the senate, or on any other matter within the exclusive jurisdiction of the senate, would violate the spirit, if not the letter, of the constitution, and invade the rights of the senate."

Not a democrat voted against the resolution, but six republicans voted for it. Republicans who voted for it were Senators Bourne, Clapp, Fall, Gallinger, McCumber and Works.

Democrats who voted for the resolution were:

Ashurst, Bacon, Bailey, Bryan, Chamberlain, Culberson, Fletcher, Gardner, Hitchcock, Johnson, Johnston, Martin, Martine, Newlands, O'Gorman, Overman, Percy, Pomerene, Reed, Shively, Simmons, Smith of Arizona, Smith of Georgia, Smith of Maryland, Smith of South Carolina, Stone, Swanson, Thornton and Tillman.

Those republicans who voted against the resolution were: Borah, Brandegee, Bristow, Burnham, Burton, Catron, Crawford, Cummins, Dupont, Gronna, Jones, Kenyon, Massey, McLean, Nelson, Oliver, Page, Perkins, Root, Smith of Michigan, Smoot, Sutherland and Townsend.

A SPANIARD'S RETORT

"Henry Clay Ide, our minister to Spain," said a Washington official, "gets on well in Madrid because he has a great affection for the Spanish people."

"Mr. Ide, while no champion of the bull-fight, hates to hear the Spaniards abused for cruelty on this head."

"He tells an anecdote of a Spaniard traveling from San Sebastian to Biarritz in a first-class compartment with an American."

"You Spaniards are a great nation," the American said. "But I



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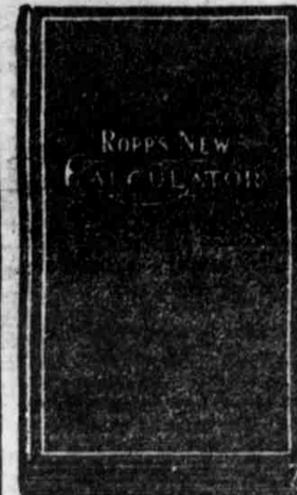
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can't understand how a nation that produced Velasquez and Valdes can stomach the savage cruelty of the bull-fight.

"The Spaniard rolled his black eyes at this, inhaled a great cloud of cigarette smoke, and said:

"You have in America a number of societies for the prevention of cruelty to children, I believe?"

"Yes."

"And they do good work?"

"Oh, splendid work!"

"Now the Spaniard showed his white teeth in a smile. 'Well, senor, such societies would be useless in my country,' he said. 'The man who would lift his hand against a little child has not

been born in Spain.'"—Pittsburgh Leader.

WRONG SYMPTOM

"Doctor," said Mrs. Fawney, "I believe I have gout."

"What is your husband's salary, Mrs. Fawney?" asked the doctor.

"Why, he receives \$25 per week."

"You are troubled with rheumatism," replied the doctor.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

HIS OBJECTION

"Don't you think the coal-mines ought to be controlled by the government?"

"I might if I didn't know who controlled the government."—Life.